

# Predicting Large Covariance Matrices Using a Characteristic-based Conditionally Heteroskedastic Factor Model

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## Abstract

We are interested in predicting the covariance matrix of excess returns,  $y_{it}$  with  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  $t = 1, \dots, T$ , of a large number of financial assets ( $n \gg T$ ). To this end, we extend the characteristic-based factor model of Connor, Hagmann and Linton [Econometrica, 2012] by introducing conditionally heteroskedastic factors. The model is given by:

$$y_{it} = f_{ut} + \sum_{j=1}^J g_j(X_{ji})f_{jt} + \epsilon_{it} \quad (1)$$

where  $f_{ut}$  denotes the return of a factor that is relevant to all assets and has unit factor loadings. The factor returns  $f_{jt}$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, J$ , instead, are related to  $J$  asset characteristics via the characteristic-based betas  $g_j(X_{ji})$ , where  $X_{ji}$  denotes the time-invariant and continuously distributed characteristic  $j$  of asset  $i$ . The function  $g$  is a smooth and time-invariant function of the  $j$ th characteristic. The asset-specific returns,  $\epsilon_{it}$ , are assumed to have zero mean and to be cross-sectionally and temporally uncorrelated. We incorporate conditional heteroskedasticity into this model by assuming that the factors follow a multivariate GARCH process. We provide some asymptotic results and present an empirical application of the model using data on US securities.